# Package 'minsample1'

July 22, 2025

Type Package

**Version** 0.1.0

**Title** The Minimum Sample Size

<b>Description</b> Using this package, one can determine the minimum sample size required so that the absolute deviation of the sample mean and the population mean of a distribution becomes less than some pre-determined epsilon, i.e. it helps the user to determine the minimum sample size required to attain the pre-fixed precision level by minimizing the difference be tween the sample mean and population mean.				
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1\_exp

l_exp	Prints the minimum size of the sample required to get epsilon neigh-
·	borhood for given value of epsilon for Exponential Distribution

# **Description**

This package helps determining the minimum sample size required to attain some pre-fixed precision level.

### Usage

```
l_{exp}(n, eps, theta = 1)
```

# **Arguments**

n a vector of proposed sample size

eps a vector of the precision level

theta the parameter for the underlying distribution, here Exponential Distribution

### **Details**

in any distribution for a large sample the mean-squared error gradually tends to zero, the minimum number depends on the precision level i.e. the pre-fixed eplison.

#### Value

report: the data frame containing the minimum value of the sample size corresponding to the prefixed epsilon

#### References

Methods for this process is described in A.M.Gun,M.K.Gupta,B.Dasgupta(2019,ISBN:81-87567-81-3).

# **Examples**

```
1_{exp(1:5,0.5,1)}
```

1\_norm 3

l_norm	Prints the minimum size of the sample required to get epsilon neigh- borhood for given value of epsilon for Normal Distribution

# Description

This package helps determining the minimum sample size required to attain some pre-fixed precision level

# Usage

```
l_norm(n, eps, mu = 0, sigma = 1)
```

# Arguments

n	a vector of proposed sample size
eps	a vector of the precision level
mu	the location parameter for the underlying distribution, here normal distribution(mean)
sigma	the scale parameter for the underlying distribution, here normal distribution(standard deviation)

### **Details**

in any distribution for a large sample, the absolute error gradually tends to zero, the minimum number depends on the precision level i.e. the pre-fixed eplison

# Value

report: the data frame containing the minimum value of the sample size corresponding to the prefixed epsilon

### References

Methods for this process is described in A.M.Gun,M.K.Gupta,B.Dasgupta(2019,ISBN:81-87567-81-3).

# **Examples**

```
l_norm(1:5,0.5,3,1)
```

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