

Package ‘maat’

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Description Provides an extension of the shadow-test approach to computerized adaptive testing (CAT) implemented in the 'TestDesign' package for the assessment framework involving multiple tests administered periodically throughout the year. This framework is referred to as the Multiple Administrations Adaptive Testing (MAAT) and supports multiple item pools vertically scaled and multiple phases (stages) of CAT within each test. Between phases and tests, transitioning from one item pool (and associated constraints) to another is allowed as deemed necessary to enhance the quality of measurement.

URL <https://choi-phd.github.io/maat/>

BugReports <https://github.com/choi-phd/maat/issues/>

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<i>maat-package</i>	<i>Multiple Administrations Adaptive Testing</i>
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Description

Multiple Administrations Adaptive Testing

Details

maat package is based on the assessment framework involving multiple tests administered throughout the year using multiple item pools vertically scaled and multiple phases (stages) of computerized adaptive testing (CAT) within each test allowing for transitioning from one item pool (and associated constraints) to another between phases as determined necessary by a selected transition policy to enhance the quality of measurement.

The current version of **maat** supports three administrations (Fall, Winter, and Spring) with two phases within each administration (Phase 1 and Phase 2), for six modules in total administered over the course of a year.

Within each administration, students begin Phase 1 at the grade of record. One exception to this is that if a student’s final θ from the previous administration was above the ‘advanced achievement’ cut score of the grade of record, then the student begins Phase 1 of the following administration in an above-grade item pool. For example, if a Grade 3 student’s final θ from the Fall administration was $\theta = 1.1$ and the ‘advanced achievement’ cut score for Grade 3 was $\theta = 1.0$, then the student begins Phase 1 of the Winter administration in a Grade 4 item pool.

Within each administration, at the completion of Phase 1, business rules are used to determine whether a student is routed to an on-grade or off-grade item pool in Phase 2.

Detailed descriptions of the assessment design are available in the vignette.

<code>assessment_structure-class</code>	<i>Class ‘assessment_structure’: assessment structure</i>
---	---

Description

`assessment_structure` is an S4 class to represent an assessment structure.

Slots

`n_test` a numeric, the number of test administrations.

`n_phase` a numeric, the number of phases within each test.

`route_limit_below` the number of grades to allow routing below, relative to the grade of record.
If the grade of record is G4 and this is 1, then routing to G3 is allowed but not to G2.

`route_limit_above` the number of grades to allow routing above, relative to the grade of record.
If the grade of record is G4 and this is 2, then routing to G6 is allowed but not to G7.

`test_routing_restrictions` R1: If grade is G-1 in the last phase of any administration, ignore achievement level and always change grade by +1. R2: If grade is G in the last phase of any administration: If achievement level is Beginning, do not decrease grade. R3: If grade is G+k in the last phase of Administration k: If achievement level is Advanced, do not increase grade.

boundGrade	<i>Bound grades within a specified range</i>
------------	--

Description

`boundGrade` is a function for keeping the grade within a specified range. `boundGrade` checks the relative grade compared to the grade of record. If the current grade is outside the allowed bound, the grade that is within the bound in the same direction is returned.

Usage

```
boundGrade(
  current_grade,
  grade_of_record,
  route_limit_below,
  route_limit_above
)
```

Arguments

`current_grade` the current grade. This must be formatted as G?, where ? is a number.

`grade_of_record`
the grade of record. This must be formatted as G?, where ? is a number.

`route_limit_below`
the number of grades to allow routing below, relative to the grade of record. If the grade of record is G4 and this is 1, then routing to G3 is allowed but not to G2.

`route_limit_above`
the number of grades to allow routing above, relative to the grade of record. If the grade of record is G4 and this is 2, then routing to G6 is allowed but not to G7.

Value

the grade after the range limit is applied

Examples

```
boundGrade("G2", "G1", 0, 2) # G2
boundGrade("G3", "G1", 0, 2) # G3
boundGrade("G4", "G1", 0, 2) # G3
boundGrade("G5", "G1", 0, 2) # G3
```

changeGrade

Grade operator: add or subtract

Description

`changeGrade` is an operator for grade values.

Usage

```
changeGrade(grade, delta)
```

Arguments

grade	a string containing the current grade in the form G?, where ? is a number.
delta	a number containing the relative change in grade to apply. 0 retains the current grade as-is.

Value

a string containing the new grade.

Examples

```
changeGrade("G4", 0) ## G4
changeGrade("G4", 1) ## G5
changeGrade("G4", -1) ## G3
changeGrade("G10", 1) ## G11
```

changePhase	<i>Phase operator: move to next phase</i>
-------------	---

Description

`changePhase` is an operator for phase values.

Usage

```
changePhase(phase, assessment_structure)
```

Arguments

phase	a string containing the current phase in the format P?, where ? is a number.
assessment_structure	an <code>assessment_structure</code> object.

Value

a string containing the new phase.

Examples

```
## assessment uses two phases
changePhase("P1", assessment_structure_math) ## P2
changePhase("P2", assessment_structure_math) ## P1
```

changeTest	<i>Test operator: move to next phase</i>
------------	--

Description

`changeTest` is an operator for test values.

Usage

```
changeTest(test, phase, assessment_structure)
```

Arguments

test	a string containing the current test in the format T?, where ? is a number.
phase	a string containing the current phase in the format P?, where ? is a number.
assessment_structure	an <code>assessment_structure</code> object.

Value

a string containing the new test.

Examples

```
## assessment uses two phases
changeTest("T1", "P1", assessment_structure_math) ## T1
changeTest("T1", "P2", assessment_structure_math) ## T2
```

createAssessmentStructure

Create an assessment structure

Description

`createAssessmentStructure` is a function for creating an `assessment_structure` object that defines the structure of the assessment.

Usage

```
createAssessmentStructure(
  n_test,
  n_phase,
  route_limit_below,
  route_limit_above,
  test_routing_restrictions = c("R1", "R2", "R3")
)
```

Arguments

<code>n_test</code>	a numeric, the number of test administrations.
<code>n_phase</code>	a numeric, the number of phases within each test.
<code>route_limit_below</code>	the number of grades to allow routing below, relative to the grade of record. If the grade of record is G4 and this is 1, then routing to G3 is allowed but not to G2.
<code>route_limit_above</code>	the number of grades to allow routing above, relative to the grade of record. If the grade of record is G4 and this is 2, then routing to G6 is allowed but not to G7.
<code>test_routing_restrictions</code>	the restrictions for between-test routing. (default = <code>c("R1", "R2", "R3")</code>)

Value

an `assessment_structure` object.

Examples

```
assessment_structure <- createAssessmentStructure(
  n_test = 3,
  n_phase = 2,
  route_limit_below = 1,
  route_limit_above = 2
)
```

createModule	Create a single module
--------------	------------------------

Description

`createModule` is a function for creating a `module` object based on the item pool, attribute, and constraints.

Usage

```
createModule(constraints, item_pool, item_attrib, passage_attrib)
```

Arguments

constraints	constraints data. A <code>data.frame</code> or a csv file name to be used in <code>loadConstraints</code> .
item_pool	item pool data. A <code>data.frame</code> or a csv file name to be used in <code>loadItemPool</code> .
item_attrib	item attribute data. A <code>data.frame</code> or a csv file name to be used in <code>loadItemAttrib</code> .
passage_attrib	passage attribute data. A <code>data.frame</code> or a csv file name to be used in <code>loadStAttrib</code> .

Value

a `module` object.

examinee-class	Class 'examinee': a single examinee
----------------	-------------------------------------

Description

`examinee` is an S4 class to represent a single examinee.

Slots

`examinee_id` the ID of examinee.
`current_grade` the current grade the examinee is in. Updated using [updateGrade](#).
`current_phase` the current phase the examinee is in. Updated using [updatePhase](#).
`current_test` the current test the examinee is in. Updated using [updateTest](#).
`current_module` the current module the examinee is in. Updated using [updateModule](#).
`grade_log` grades that the examinee belonged at each module position. Updated using [updateLog](#).
`phase_log` phases that the examinee belonged at each module position. Updated using [updateLog](#).
`test_log` tests that the examinee belonged at each module position. Updated using [updateLog](#).
`module_log` modules that the examinee belonged at each module position. Updated using [updateLog](#).
`n_module` the number of modules the examinee received. This is the number of module positions.
`true_theta` a vector containing the true theta (if simulated) of the examinee, for each module position.
`initial_theta_in_module` a vector containing initial thetas used in each module.
`prior_par_by_module` a list containing prior parameters used for each module.
`estimated_theta_by_phase` a list containing estimated thetas and SEs using items in each phase.
`estimated_theta_by_test` a list containing estimated thetas and SEs using combined items in each test. Updated using [updateThetaUsingCombined](#).
`estimated_theta_for_routing` a list containing estimated thetas and SEs that were used for routing. Updated using [updateThetaForRouting](#).
`estimated_theta` a list containing estimated theta and SE using all responses from all modules. Updated using [updateAssessmentLevelTheta](#).
`alpha` the alpha value used to compute lower and upper bounds.
`selection_theta` a list containing selection thetas in each module position.
`interim_theta` a list containing interim thetas and SEs in each module position.
`administered_items` a list containing administered items in each module position.
`administered_stimuli` a list containing administered stimuli in each module position.
`response` a list containing the examinee response in each module position.
`item_data` a list containing [item_pool](#) of administered items.
`routing_based_on` a vector containing the routing was based on `estimated_theta_by_phase` or `estimated_theta_by_test` at each module position.

`excludeAdministeredItems`*Update a constraints object to exclude administered items*

Description

The function `excludeAdministeredItems` produces a new `constraints` object that excludes administered items from being selected.

Usage

```
excludeAdministeredItems(constraints, administered_items)
```

Arguments

`constraints` a `constraints` object.
`administered_items`
 item names of previously administered items.

Value

a `constraints` object that also constrains the administered items to be excluded.

Examples

```
## Not run:
require(TestDesign)

cfg <- createShadowTestConfig(
  MIP = list(solver = "lpsymphony")
)
constraints <- constraints_reading
solution <- Shadow(cfg, constraints, true_theta = 0)
administered_items <- solution@output[[1]]@administered_item_index
administered_items <- solution@constraints@pool@id[administered_items]
administered_items

updated_constraints <- excludeAdministeredItems(constraints, administered_items)

solution <- Shadow(cfg, updated_constraints, true_theta = 0)
administered_items <- solution@output[[1]]@administered_item_index
administered_items <- solution@constraints@pool@id[administered_items]
administered_items ## entirely different from above

## End(Not run)
```

formatOutput	<i>Format the output of maat</i>
--------------	----------------------------------

Description

`formatOutput` is a function for formatting the output `examinee` object of the function `maat` for analysis.

Usage

```
formatOutput(examinee_list, digits = 3)
```

Arguments

`examinee_list` the output from `maat`.
`digits` digits to round theta values. (default = 3)

Value

a data frame containing:

- `p_ID`: the person ID.
- `test_phase_ID`: the module position. If we have 3 tests with 2 phases in each test then the range of `test_phase_ID` is 1 to 6.
- `initial_grade`: the initial grade of the person.
- `final_grade`: the final grade of the person after completing all modules.
- `grade_ID`: the grade at the module position.
- `phase_ID`: the phase at the module position.
- `test_ID`: the test at the module position.
- `module_ID`: the module ID at the module position.
- `final_theta_est`: the grand final estimated θ after completing all tests.
- `final_SE_est`: the standard error of grand final estimated θ after completing all tests.
- `theta_by_phase`: the final estimated θ after completing each phase.
- `SE_by_phase`: the standard error of final estimated θ after completing each phase.
- `combined`: whether items were combined with the previous phase to obtain the theta estimate.
- `true_theta`: the true θ in each module position.
- `item_ID`: the item IDs of administered items.
- `ncat`: the number of categories of administered items.
- `IRT_model`: the IRT models of administered items.
- `item_par_1`: the first item parameter of each administered item (e.g., for 1PL, this is item difficulty)
- `item_par_2`: the second item parameter of each administered item (e.g., for 1PL, this is 'NA')

- `item_resp`: the item response on each administered item.
- `momentary_theta`: the momentary (interim) θ estimate obtained after each item administration in CAT engine.
- `momentary_SE`: the standard error of momentary (interim) θ estimate obtained after each item administration in CAT engine.

`getAdaptivityIndex` *Calculate adaptivity indices from an examinee list object*

Description

`getAdaptivityIndex` is a function for calculating adaptivity indices from the output of `maat`.

Usage

```
getAdaptivityIndex(x)
```

Arguments

`x` an `output_maat` object from `maat`.

Value

a data frame containing adaptivity indices by test and also for all tests combined.

`getAdministeredItemsPerTest`
Get administered items per test

Description

`getAdministeredItemsPerTest` is a function for extracting the administered items stored in the `examinee` objects.

Usage

```
getAdministeredItemsPerTest(x)
```

Arguments

`x` an `output_maat` object from `maat`.

Value

a list containing administered items in each test and also for all tests combined.

getBias	<i>Calculate bias from an examinee list object</i>
---------	--

Description

`getBias` is a function for calculating the bias of ability estimates of the simulation results.

Usage

```
getBias(x)
```

Arguments

`x` an `output_maat` object from `maat`.

Value

a list containing bias by test and also for all tests combined.

getItemExposureRate	<i>Get item exposure rates from an examinee list</i>
---------------------	--

Description

`getItemExposureRate` is a function for building an item exposure rate table.

Usage

```
getItemExposureRate(x)
```

Arguments

`x` an `output_maat` object from `maat`.

Value

the table of item exposure rate.

getItemNamesPerGrade *Get item names per grade*

Description

[getItemNamesPerGrade](#) is a function for extracting item names from a module list.

Usage

```
getItemNamesPerGrade(module_list)
```

Arguments

module_list a module list from [loadModules](#).

Value

item names per grade.

Examples

```
getItemNamesPerGrade(module_list_math)
```

getRelativeGrade *Grade operator: difference between two grades*

Description

[getRelativeGrade](#) is an operator for grade values.

Usage

```
getRelativeGrade(current_grade, initial_grade)
```

Arguments

current_grade a string containing the current grade in the form G?, where ? is a number.
 initial_grade a string containing the initial grade in the form G?, where ? is a number.

Value

the grade difference of the current grade relative to the initial grade.

Examples

```
getRelativeGrade("G4", "G3") ## 1
getRelativeGrade("G5", "G3") ## 2
getRelativeGrade("G2", "G3") ## -1
```

`getRMSE`*Calculate RMSE from an examinee list object*

Description

`getRMSE` is a function for calculating root mean square error (RMSE) for the simulation results.

Usage

```
getRMSE(x)
```

Arguments

`x` an `output_maat` object from `maat`.

Value

a list containing RMSE by test and also for all tests combined.

`getSE`*Calculate standard error from an examinee list object*

Description

`getSE` is a function for calculating the standard error of the estimates.

Usage

```
getSE(x)
```

Arguments

`x` an `output_maat` object from `maat`.

Value

a list containing SE by test and also for all tests combined.

loadModules	<i>Load multiple modules</i>
-------------	------------------------------

Description

`loadModules` is a function for creating multiple `module` objects from a specification sheet.

Usage

```
loadModules(fn, base_path = NULL, assessment_structure, examinee_list)
```

Arguments

<code>fn</code>	the full file path and name of a csv file containing module specifications.
<code>base_path</code>	(optional) the base path to be prepended to the file paths contained in the module specifications sheet.
<code>assessment_structure</code>	an <code>assessment_structure</code> object.
<code>examinee_list</code>	an examinee list from <code>simExaminees</code> . Used to determine the range of required modules.

Details

The module specification file is expected to have the following columns:

- Grade a string containing the grade in the form G?, where ? is a number.
- Phase a string containing the phase in the form P?, where ? is a number.
- ItemPool the file path of a file that contains item pool data. This must be readable with `loadItemPool`.
- ItemAttrib the file path of a file that contains item attribute data. This must be readable with `loadItemAttrib`.
- PassageAttrib the file path of a file that contains passage attribute data. This must be readable with `loadStAttrib`.
- Constraints the file path of a file that contains constraints data. This must be readable with `loadConstraints`.

Value

a module list containing `module` objects. Each module can be accessed using `module_list[[grade]][[test]][[phase]]`.

Examples

```
assessment_structure <- createAssessmentStructure(
  n_test = 3,
  n_phase = 2,
  route_limit_below = 0,
  route_limit_above = 2
)
examinee_list <- simExaminees(
  N = 5,
  mean_v = c(0, 0, 0),
  sd_v = c(1, 1, 1),
  cor_v = diag(1, 3),
  assessment_structure = assessment_structure
)

fn <- system.file("extdata", "module_definition_MATH_normal_N500_flexible.csv", package = "maat")
pkg_path <- system.file(package = "maat")
module_list <- loadModules(
  fn,
  base_path = pkg_path,
  assessment_structure = assessment_structure,
  examinee_list = examinee_list
)
```

 maat

Simulate multi-stage multi-administration adaptive test

Description

[maat](#) is the main function for simulating a multi-stage multi-administration adaptive test.

Usage

```
maat(
  examinee_list = examinee_list,
  assessment_structure = NULL,
  module_list = NULL,
  config = NULL,
  cut_scores = NULL,
  overlap_control_policy = NULL,
  transition_policy = "CI",
  combine_policy = "conditional",
  transition_CI_alpha = NULL,
  transition_percentile_lower = NULL,
  transition_percentile_upper = NULL,
  initial_theta_list = NULL,
  prior_mean_policy = "mean_difficulty",
```

```

    prior_mean_user = NULL,
    prior_sd = 1,
    verbose = TRUE
)

```

Arguments

examinee_list an examinee list from `simExaminees`.

assessment_structure a `assessment_structure` object.

module_list a module list from `loadModules`.

config a `config_Shadow` object. Also accepts a list of `config_Shadow` objects to use separate configurations for each module. Must be from 'TestDesign' 1.3.3 or newer, and its `exclude_policy$method` slot must be `SOFT`.

cut_scores a named list containing cut scores to be used in each grade. Each element must be named in the form `G?`, where `?` is a number.

overlap_control_policy
overlap control is performed by excluding administered items from being administered again within the same examinee.

- `all` performs overlap control at all module positions.
- `within_test` performs overlap control only within each test.
- `none` does not perform overlap control.

transition_policy

- `CI` uses the confidence interval to perform routing.
- `pool_difficulty_percentile` uses item difficulty percentiles of all items in the `item_pool` argument to perform routing.
- `pool_difficulty_percentile_exclude_administered` uses item difficulty percentiles of all items in the `item_pool` argument to perform routing, excluding all previous items administered to the examinee.
- `on_grade` does not permit any transition.
- (default = `CI`)

combine_policy

- This is only applied when `module_position %% 2 == 0` (at Phase 2, which is the end of each test).
- `conditional` uses the combined theta (using items from the previous module combined with the current module), if the examinee was in the same grade in Phases 1 and 2. If the examinee was in different grades in Phases 1 and 2, then the theta estimate from Phase 2 is used.
- `always` uses the combined theta.
- `never` uses the theta estimate from Phase 2.
- (default = `conditional`)

transition_CI_alpha
the alpha level to use when `transition_policy == "CI"`.

transition_percentile_lower
the percentile value (between 0 and 1) to use for the lower routing when `transition_policy == "difficulty_percentile"`.

transition_percentile_upper
the percentile value (between 0 and 1) to use for the upper routing when `transition_policy == "difficulty_percentile"`.

initial_theta_list
(optional) a list containing initial thetas to use in each module position.

prior_mean_policy

- This is only effective at the beginning of each test. This determines what value is used as the prior mean.
- `mean_difficulty` uses the mean item difficulty of the current item pool.
- `carryover` uses the routing theta from the previous module. For Phase 1 of the first test, user supplied values are used if available. Otherwise, the mean item difficulty of the current item pool is used.
- user uses user-supplied values in the `prior_mean_user` argument.
- (default = `mean_difficulty`)

prior_mean_user
(optional) user-supplied values for the prior mean. Must be a single value, or a vector for each grade.

prior_sd
user-supplied values for the prior standard deviation. This is only effective at the beginning of each test. This is utilized regardless of `prior_mean_policy`. Must be a single value, or a vector for each grade. (default = 1)

verbose
if TRUE, print status messages. (default = TRUE)

Value

an `output_maat` object from the simulation.

Examples

```
library(TestDesign) # >= 1.3.3
config <- createShadowTestConfig(
  final_theta = list(method = "MLE"),
  exclude_policy = list(method = "SOFT", M = 100)
)
# exclude_policy must be SOFT

examinee_list <- maat(
  examinee_list      = examinee_list_math,
  assessment_structure = assessment_structure_math,
  module_list        = module_list_math,
  overlap_control_policy = "all",
  transition_CI_alpha = 0.05,
  config             = config,
  cut_scores          = cut_scores_math
)
```

module-class	Class 'module': a module
--------------	--------------------------

Description

`module` is an S4 class to represent a module.

Slots

`module_id` the ID of the module.
`constraints` a `constraints` object.

module_list_math	Example item pools
------------------	--------------------

Description

Example data for a 6-module assessment.

Details

- `assessment_structure_math` an `assessment_structure` object defining 3 tests with 2 phases in each test. Also defines routing limits as $G - 1$ and $G + 2$, where G is the starting grade.
- `examinee_list_math` a list of `examinee` objects. The number of examinees is 10. This can be created using `simExaminees`.
- `module_list_math` a list of `module` objects. This can be created using `loadModules`.
- `cut_scores_math` a list of theta cut scores. This is used in the `cut_scores` argument of the `maat` function.

output_maat-class	Class 'output_maat': a simulation output
-------------------	--

Description

`output_maat` is an S4 class to represent a simulation output.

Slots

`examinee_list` a list of `examinee` objects.
`assessment_structure` an `assessment_structure` object.
`module_list` a module list from `loadModules`.
`config` the list of `config_Shadow` objects used in the simulation for each module.
`cut_scores` the cut scores used in the simulation.
`overlap_control_policy` the policy used in the simulation.
`transition_policy` the policy used in the simulation.
`combine_policy` the policy used in the simulation.
`transition_CI_alpha` the transition parameter used in the simulation.
`transition_percentile_lower` the transition parameter used in the simulation.
`transition_percentile_upper` the transition parameter used in the simulation.
`initial_theta_list` the starting theta values used in the simulation.
`prior_mean_policy` the policy used in the simulation.
`prior_mean_user` the prior parameters used in the simulation.
`prior_sd` the prior parameters used in the simulation.

plot

Extension of plot()

Description

Extension of plot()

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'output_maat'
plot(
  x,
  y,
  type,
  examinee_id = 1,
  cut_scores = NULL,
  theta_range = c(-4, 4),
  main = NULL,
  box_color = "PaleTurquoise"
)
```

Arguments

x	x
y	y
type	the type of plot. route plots the number of examinees routed to each path across the course of entire assessment. correlation produces a scatterplot of thetas across administrations. audit plots interim thetas over modules for a single examinee.
examinee_id	the examinee ID to plot.
cut_scores	(optional) a named list containing cut scores for each grade.
theta_range	the theta range to use in scatter plots when x is an examinee list.
main	the figure title to use in scatter plots when x is an examinee list.
box_color	the cell color to use when type is route. (default = PaleTurquoise)

Value

the route plot.

Examples

```
library(TestDesign)
config <- createShadowTestConfig(
  final_theta = list(method = "MLE"),
  exclude_policy = list(method = "SOFT", M = 100)
)
examinee_list <- maat(
  examinee_list      = examinee_list_math,
  assessment_structure = assessment_structure_math,
  module_list        = module_list_math,
  overlap_control_policy = "all",
  transition_CI_alpha = 0.05,
  config              = config,
  cut_scores           = cut_scores_math
)

plot(examinee_list, type = "route")
plot(examinee_list, type = "correlation")
plot(examinee_list, type = "audit", examinee_id = 1)
```

print	<i>Extension of print()</i>
-------	-----------------------------

Description

Extension of print()

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'module'  
print(x)
```

Arguments

x an object to display the content.

removeItemData	<i>Remove item data from examinee list</i>
----------------	--

Description

`removeItemData` is a function to remove the item data from the `examinee` objects for the reduction of file size.

Usage

```
removeItemData(examinee_list)
```

Arguments

examinee_list a list containing `examinee` objects.

Value

a list containing `examinee` objects, with `item_data` data stripped for compact storage.

show	<i>Extension of show()</i>
------	----------------------------

Description

Extension of `show()`

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'module'  
show(object)
```

Arguments

object an object to display the content.

simExaminees

*Simulate an examinee list***Description**

`simExaminees` is a function for generating a list of `examinee` objects.

Usage

```
simExaminees(
  N,
  mean_v,
  sd_v,
  cor_v,
  assessment_structure,
  initial_grade = "G4",
  initial_test = "T1",
  initial_phase = "P1"
)
```

Arguments

<code>N</code>	the number of examinees.
<code>mean_v</code>	a vector containing the mean of each dimension.
<code>sd_v</code>	a vector containing the standard deviation of each dimension.
<code>cor_v</code>	a correlation matrix.
<code>assessment_structure</code>	an <code>assessment_structure</code> object. This can be created using <code>createAssessmentStructure</code> .
<code>initial_grade</code>	the initial grade for all examinees. The grade must exist in <code>module_list</code> . Also used as the grade of record when the initial phase and test points to a module position greater than 1. (default = G4)
<code>initial_test</code>	the initial test for all examinees. (default = T1)
<code>initial_phase</code>	the initial phase for all examinees. The phase must exist in <code>module_list</code> . (default = P1)

Details

Each dimension of `mean_v`, `sd_v`, `cor_v` represents a test level. For example in a three-test structure (see the `assessment_structure_math` example data), these arguments must have three dimensions.

Value

a list of `examinee` objects.

Examples

```

assessment_structure <- createAssessmentStructure(
  n_test = 3,
  n_phase = 2,
  route_limit_below = 1,
  route_limit_above = 2
)
examinee_list <- simExaminees(
  N = 100,
  mean_v = c(0, 0, 0),
  sd_v = c(1, 1, 1),
  cor_v = diag(1, 3),
  assessment_structure = assessment_structure
)

```

simTheta	<i>Simulate theta values</i>
----------	------------------------------

Description

[simTheta](#) is a function for generating a theta matrix based on the given sample size, mean, standard deviation, and correlation matrix.

Usage

```
simTheta(N, mean_v, sd_v, cor_v)
```

Arguments

N	the number of examinees.
mean_v	a vector containing the mean of each dimension.
sd_v	a vector containing the standard deviation of each dimension.
cor_v	a correlation matrix.

Details

[simTheta](#) calls [mvrnorm](#) internally.

Value

a theta matrix.

Examples

```
o <- simTheta(
  N      = 100,
  mean_v = c(0, 0, 0),
  sd_v   = c(1, 1, 1),
  cor_v  = diag(1, 3)
)
```

updateAssessmentLevelTheta

Update the assessment-level theta of an examinee object

Description

`updateAssessmentLevelTheta` is a function for updating `examinee` objects after completing all modules. `updateAssessmentLevelTheta` computes the assessment-level theta. Estimation options are based on the `final_theta` slot of the config object.

Usage

```
updateAssessmentLevelTheta(examinee_object, config)
```

Arguments

`examinee_object`

an `examinee` object.

`config`

a `config_Shadow` object. The `final_theta` slot is used.

Value

an `examinee` object with its `estimated_theta` slot updated.

updateGrade

Update the grade slot of an examinee object

Description

`updateGrade` is a function for determining the grade an examinee is routed to.

Usage

```
updateGrade(
  examinee_object,
  assessment_structure,
  module_position,
  cut_scores,
  transition_policy = "CI",
  transition_CI_alpha,
  transition_percentile_lower,
  transition_percentile_upper,
  item_pool
)
```

Arguments

examinee_object an [examinee](#) object.

assessment_structure an [assessment_structure](#) object.

module_position the current module position, ranging from 1 to 6.

cut_scores a named list containing cut scores to be used in each grade. Each element must be named in the form G?, where ? is a number.

transition_policy

- CI uses the confidence interval to perform routing.
- pool_difficulty_percentile uses item difficulty percentiles of all items in the [item_pool](#) argument to perform routing.
- pool_difficulty_percentile_exclude_administered uses item difficulty percentiles of all items in the [item_pool](#) argument to perform routing, excluding all previous items administered to the examinee.
- on_grade does not permit any transition.
- (default = CI)

transition_CI_alpha the alpha level used when `transition_policy == "CI"`.

transition_percentile_lower the percentile value (between 0 and 1) used for the lower routing in percentile-based transition policies.

transition_percentile_upper the percentile value (between 0 and 1) used for the upper routing in percentile-based transition policies.

item_pool the [item_pool](#) object to determine difficulty range in percentile-based transition policies.

Details

Currently the routing rules are hard-coded in the function. See the vignette for a description of routing rules.

Value

an [examinee](#) object with its `current_grade` slot updated.

<code>updateItemData</code>	<i>Update the item data slot of an examinee object</i>
-----------------------------	--

Description

`updateItemData` is a function for updating [examinee](#) objects after completing a module.

Usage

```
updateItemData(examinee_object, module_position, solution)
```

Arguments

`examinee_object`
an [examinee](#) object.

`module_position`
the current module position.

`solution`
an [output_Shadow_all](#) object.

Details

`updateItemData` updates the `item_data` slot with an [item_pool](#) object that contains administered items in the module.

Value

an [examinee](#) object with its `item_data` slot updated.

<code>updateLog</code>	<i>Update the routing log of an examinee object</i>
------------------------	---

Description

`updateLog` is a function for updating [examinee](#) objects after completing a module. `updateLog` updates logs with grades, phases, tests and modules.

Usage

```
updateLog(examinee_object, current_module_position)
```

Arguments

examinee_object an [examinee](#) object.

current_module_position the current module position.

Value

an [examinee](#) object with its grade_log, phase_log, test_log, and module_log slots updated.

updateModule	<i>Update the current module of an examinee object</i>
--------------	--

Description

[updateModule](#) is a function for updating [examinee](#) objects after completing a module. [updateModule](#) assigns an [module](#) object from the supplied list to match the grade and the phase the [examinee](#) is in.

Usage

```
updateModule(examinee_object, module_list)
```

Arguments

examinee_object an [examinee](#) object.

module_list a module list from [loadModules](#).

Value

an [examinee](#) object with its current_module slot updated.

updatePhase	<i>Update the current phase of an examinee object</i>
-------------	---

Description

[updatePhase](#) is a function for updating [examinee](#) objects after completing a module. [updatePhase](#) updates the phase by calling [changePhase](#).

Usage

```
updatePhase(examinee_object, assessment_structure)
```

Arguments

examinee_object
 an *examinee* object.
 assessment_structure
 an *assessment_structure* object.

Value

an *examinee* object with its `current_phase` slot updated.

Examples

```
## assessment uses two phases

examinee <- examinee_list_math[[1]]
examinee@current_phase ## P1

examinee <- updatePhase(examinee, assessment_structure_math)
examinee@current_phase ## P2

examinee <- updatePhase(examinee, assessment_structure_math)
examinee@current_phase ## P1
```

updateTest	<i>Update the current test of an examinee object</i>
------------	--

Description

updateTest is the function for updating the new test ID in an *examinee* object.

Usage

```
updateTest(examinee_object, assessment_structure)
```

Arguments

examinee_object
 an *examinee* object.
 assessment_structure
 an *assessment_structure* object.

Value

an *examinee* object with its `current_test` slot updated.

Examples

```
## assessment uses two phases

examinee <- examinee_list_math[[1]]
examinee@current_test ## T1
examinee@current_phase ## P1

examinee <- updateTest(examinee, assessment_structure_math)
examinee <- updatePhase(examinee, assessment_structure_math)
examinee@current_test ## T1
examinee@current_phase ## P2

examinee <- updateTest(examinee, assessment_structure_math)
examinee <- updatePhase(examinee, assessment_structure_math)
examinee@current_test ## T2
examinee@current_phase ## P1
```

updateThetaForRouting *Update the theta used for routing of an examinee object*

Description

`updateThetaForRouting` is a function for updating `examinee` objects after completing a module. `updateThetaForRouting` determines what type of theta estimate is used to perform routing.

Usage

```
updateThetaForRouting(examinee_object, current_module_position, combine_policy)
```

Arguments

- `examinee_object`
an `examinee` object.
- `current_module_position`
the current module position.
- `combine_policy`
- This is only applied when `module_position %% 2 == 0` (at Phase 2, which is the end of each test).
 - `conditional` uses the combined theta (using items from the previous module combined with the current module), if the examinee was in the same grade in Phases 1 and 2. If the examinee was in different grades in Phases 1 and 2, then the theta estimate from Phase 2 is used.
 - `always` uses the combined theta.
 - `never` uses the theta estimate from Phase 2.
 - (default = `conditional`)

Value

an [examinee](#) object with its estimated_theta_for_routing slot updated.

updateThetaUsingCombined

Update theta estimates using combined responses from a test

Description

[updateThetaUsingCombined](#) is a function for updating [examinee](#) objects after completing a module. [updateThetaUsingCombined](#) adds final theta estimates using all administered items in the test. A test may consist of multiple phases.

Usage

```
updateThetaUsingCombined(examinee_object, current_module_position, config)
```

Arguments

examinee_object

an [examinee](#) object.

current_module_position

the current module position.

config

a [config_Shadow](#) object. The config for obtaining final estimates is used.

Value

an [examinee](#) object with its estimated_theta_by_test slot updated.

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