## Package 'ashapesampler'

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Title Generating Alpha Shapes

#### Version 1.0.0

Description Understanding morphological variation is an important task in many applications. Recent studies in computational biology have focused on developing computational tools for the task of sub-image selection which aims at identifying structural features that best describe the variation between classes of shapes. A major part in assessing the utility of these approaches is to demonstrate their performance on both simulated and real datasets. However, when creating a model for shape statistics, real data can be difficult to access and the sample sizes for these data are often small due to them being expensive to collect. Meanwhile, the landscape of current shape simulation methods has been mostly limited to approaches that use black-box inference---making it difficult to systematically assess the power and calibration of sub-image models. In this R package, we introduce the alpha-shape sampler: a probabilistic framework for simulating realistic 2D and 3D shapes based on probability distributions which can be learned from real data or explicitly stated by the user. The 'ashapesampler' package supports two mechanisms for sampling shapes in two and three dimensions. The first, empirically sampling based on an existing data set, was highlighted in the original main text of the paper. The second, probabilistic sampling from a known distribution, is the computational implementation of the theory derived in that paper. Work based on Winn-Nunez et al. (2024) <doi:10.1101/2024.01.09.574919>.

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calc\_overlap\_2D Calculate Overlap 2D

#### Description

This function calculates the minimum coverage percentage of an alpha ball over the bounded area being considered. 0 is no coverage, 1 means complete coverage. For the square, r is the length of the side. For circle, r is the radius. For the annulus, r and min\_r are the two radii.

#### Usage

```
calc_overlap_2D(alpha, r = 1, rmin = 0.01, bound = "square")
```

#### Arguments

| alpha | radius of alpha ball   |
|-------|--|
| r     | length of square, radius of circle, or outer radius of annulus |
| rmin  | inner radius of annulus  |
| bound | manifold shape, options are "square", "circle", or "annulus"   |

#### Value

area of overlap

| calc_overlap_3D | calculate overlap in three dimensions (calc_overlap_3D) |  |
|-----------------|---|--|
|-----------------|---|--|

#### Description

Calculates the volume of intersection divided by the volume of the manifold. For the cube, r is the length of the side. For sphere, r is the radius. For the annulus, r and min\_r are the two radii.

#### Usage

```
calc_overlap_3D(alpha, r = 1, rmin = 0.01, bound = "cube")
```

#### Arguments

| alpha | radius of one sphere  |
|-------|---|
| r     | radius of second sphere or outer radius of shell or length of cube side |
| rmin  | inner radius of shell, only needed if bound=shell                       |
| bound | manifold type, options are "cube", "shell", and "sphere"                |

#### Value

volume of overlap

## Description

Called for sphere overlaps with alpha > r\*sqrt(2). Integral precalculated and numbers plugged in.

#### Usage

```
cap_intersect_vol(alpha, r)
```

#### Arguments

| alpha | radius 1 |
|-------|----------|
| r     | radius 2 |

## Value

volume of intersection of spheres.

circle\_overlap\_cc Circle Overlap Centered on Circumference

#### Description

Circle overlap cc is subfunction for repeated code in calc\_overlap\_2D Returns the area of two overlapping circles where one is centered on the other's Circumference. (cc = centered on circumference)

## Usage

```
circle_overlap_cc(alpha, r = 1)
```

#### Arguments

| alpha | radius 1 |
|-------|----------|
| r     | radius 2 |

#### Value

area of overlap

circle\_overlap\_ia Circle Overlap Inner Annulus

#### Description

Circle overlap ia (inner annulus) calculates area needed to subtract when calculating area of overlap of annulus and circle.

#### Usage

```
circle_overlap_ia(alpha, R, r)
```

## Arguments

| alpha | radius of circle        |
|-------|-------------------------|
| R     | outer radius of annulus |
| r     | inner radius of annulus |

#### Value

area of overlap

circumcenter\_face circumcenter Face

## Description

This function finds the circumcenters of the faces of a simplicial complex given the list of vertex coordinates and the set of faces.

#### Usage

```
circumcenter_face(v_list, f_list)
```

#### Arguments

| v_list | matrix of vertex coordinates                 |
|--------|--|
| f_list | matrix with 3 columns with face information. |

#### Value

circ\_mat, matrix of coordinates of circumcenters of faces.

circumcenter\_tet circumcenter Tetrahedra

#### Description

This function finds the circumcenters of the tetrahedra/3-simplices of a simplicial complex given the list of vertex coordinates and the set of tetrahedra.

#### Usage

circumcenter\_tet(v\_list, t\_list)

#### Arguments

| v_list | matrix of vertex coordinates        |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| t_list | matrix of 4 columns with tetrahedra |

#### Value

circ\_mat, matrix of coordinates of circumcenters of teterahedra

| circ_face_2D | Circumcenter face - three points in 2D Given 3 sets of coordinates, |
|--------------|---|
|              | calculates the circumcenter   |

## Description

Circumcenter face - three points in 2D Given 3 sets of coordinates, calculates the circumcenter

## Usage

circ\_face\_2D(points)

#### Arguments

points 3x2 matrix

#### Value

1x2 vector, coordinates of circumcenter

circ\_face\_3D Circumcenter face - three points in 3D Given 3 sets of coordinates, calculates the circumcenter

#### Description

Circumcenter face - three points in 3D Given 3 sets of coordinates, calculates the circumcenter

#### Usage

circ\_face\_3D(points)

## Arguments

points 3x3 matrix

## Value

1x3 vector, coordinates of circumcenter

| circ_tet_3D | Circumcenter tetrahedron - 4 points in 3D Given 3D coordinates of 4 |
|-------------|---|
|             | points, calculates circumcenter                                     |

## Description

Circumcenter tetrahedron - 4 points in 3D Given 3D coordinates of 4 points, calculates circumcenter

## Usage

circ\_tet\_3D(points)

#### Arguments

points 4x3 matrix

#### Value

1x3 vector, coordinates of circumcenter

count\_neighbors

#### Description

Neighbors function - finds number of neighbors for each point in point cloud.

#### Usage

```
count_neighbors(v_list, complex)
```

#### Arguments

| v_list  | 2 or 3 column matrix      |
|---------|---------------------------|
| complex | simplicial complex object |

## Value

n\_list vector where each entry is number of neighbors for a point

## Description

Calculates the distance matrix of a point from the point cloud.

## Usage

```
euclid_dists_point_cloud_2D(point, point_cloud)
```

## Arguments

| point       | cartesian coordinates of 2D point                            |  |  |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| point_cloud | 3 column matrix with cartesian coordinates of 2D point cloud |  |  |

#### Value

vector of distances from the point to each point in the point cloud

euclid\_dists\_point\_cloud\_3D

Euclidean Distance Point Cloud 3D

#### Description

Calculates the distance matrix of a point from the point cloud.

#### Usage

euclid\_dists\_point\_cloud\_3D(point, point\_cloud)

#### Arguments

| point       | cartesian coordinates of 3D point                            |
|-------------|--|
| point_cloud | 3 column matrix with cartesian coordinates of 3D point cloud |

## Value

vector of distances from the point to each point in the point cloud

extract\_complex\_edges Returns the edges of complex.

## Description

Returns the edges of complex.

#### Usage

```
extract_complex_edges(complex, n_vert = 0)
```

#### Arguments

| complex | complex object from TDA packages  |
|---------|---|
| n_vert  | number of vertices in complex; default is 0, specifying this parameter speeds up the function |

#### Value

edge\_list data frame or if empty NULL

extract\_complex\_faces Returns faces of complex.

## Description

Returns faces of complex.

#### Usage

```
extract_complex_faces(complex, n_vert = 0)
```

## Arguments

| complex | complex object from TDA package   |
|---------|---|
| n_vert  | number of vertices in the complex; default is 0, specifying this parameter speeds up function |

## Value

face\_list data frame of points forming faces in complex

extract\_complex\_tet Returns tetrahedra of complex (3 dimensions)

## Description

Returns tetrahedra of complex (3 dimensions)

#### Usage

```
extract_complex_tet(complex, n_vert = 0)
```

## Arguments

| complex | complex object from TDA package   |
|---------|---|
| n_vert  | number of vertices in the complex; default is 0, specifying this parameter speeds up function |

#### Value

tet\_list data frame of points forming tetrahedra in complex

extreme\_pts

#### Description

Extreme points Finds the boundary points of a simplicial complex

## Usage

```
extreme_pts(complex, n_vert, dimension)
```

#### Arguments

| complex   | complex list object               |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| n_vert    | number of vertices in the complex |
| dimension | number, 2 or 3                    |

#### Value

vector of all vertices on the boundary

generate\_ashape2d Generate 2D alpha shape

#### Description

Generate 2D alpha shape

#### Usage

```
generate_ashape2d(
   point_cloud,
   J,
   tau,
   delta = 0.05,
   afixed = TRUE,
   mu = NULL,
   sig = NULL,
   sample_rad = NULL,
   acc_rad = NULL,
   k_min = 2,
   eps = 1e-04,
   cores = 1
)
```

## Arguments

| point_cloud | 2 column matrix of all points from all shapes in initial data set  |
|-------------|--|
| J           | number of shapes in initial (sub) data set   |
| tau         | tau bound vector for shapes input  |
| delta       | probability of not preserving homology; default is 0.05  |
| afixed      | boolean, whether to sample alpha or leave fixed based on tau. Default FALSE                                      |
| mu          | mean of truncated distribution from which alpha sampled; default tau/3   |
| sig         | standard deviation of truncated distribution from which alpha sampled; default tau/12                            |
| sample_rad  | radius of ball around each point in point cloud from which to sample; default tau/8                              |
| acc_rad     | radius of ball to check around potential sampled points for whether to accept or reject new point; default tau/4 |
| k_min       | number of points needed in radius tau of point cloud to accept a sample  |
| eps         | amount to subtract from tau/2 to give alpha. Defaul 1e-4.  |
| cores       | number of computer cores for parallelizing. Default 1.   |

## Value

new\_ashape two dimensional alpha shape object from alphahull library

generate\_ashape3d Generate 3D alpha shape

## Description

Generate 3D alpha shape

#### Usage

```
generate_ashape3d(
   point_cloud,
   J,
   tau,
   delta = 0.05,
   afixed = TRUE,
   mu = NULL,
   sig = NULL,
   sample_rad = NULL,
   acc_rad = NULL,
   k_min = 3,
   eps = 1e-04,
   cores = 1
)
```

## Arguments

| point_cloud | 3 column matrix of all points from all shapes in initial data set  |
|-------------|--|
| J           | number of shapes in initial data set   |
| tau         | tau bound for the shapes   |
| delta       | probability of not preserving homology; default is 0.05  |
| afixed      | boolean, whether to sample alpha or leave fixed based on tau. Default FALSE                                      |
| mu          | mean of truncated distribution from which alpha sampled; default tau/3   |
| sig         | standard deviation of truncated distribution from which alpha sampled; default tau/12                            |
| sample_rad  | radius of ball around each point in point cloud from which to sample; default tau/8                              |
| acc_rad     | radius of ball to check around potential sampled points for whether to accept or reject new point; default tau/4 |
| k_min       | number of points needed in radius 2 alpha of point cloud to accept a sample                                      |
| eps         | amount to subtract from tau/2 to give alpha. Defaul 1e-4.  |
| cores       | number of cores for parallelizing. Default 1.  |

## Value

new\_ashape three dimensional alpha shape object from alphashape3d library

## Description

Generates alpha complex for a set of points and parameter alpha

#### Usage

```
get_alpha_complex(points, alpha)
```

#### Arguments

| points | point cloud for alpha complex, in form of 2 column of 3 column matrix with |
|--------|--|
|        | nonzero number of rows   |
| alpha  | alpha parameter for building the alpha complex                             |

## Value

complex list of vertices, edges, faces, and tetrahedra.

get\_area

## Description

Quickly calculate which area needed for a homology bound; here to clean up code above

#### Usage

get\_area(r, rmin, bound)

#### Arguments

| r     | side length (square) or radius (circle, annulus) |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|
| rmin  | radius of inner circle for annulus               |  |  |
| bound | square, circle, or annulus                       |  |  |

#### Value

area, number

| get_volume | Get volume |  |
|------------|------------|--|
|            |            |  |

## Description

Quickly calculate which volume needed for a homology bound; here to clean up code above

## Usage

get\_volume(r, rmin, bound)

## Arguments

| r     | side length (cube) or radius (sphere, shell) |
|-------|--|
| rmin  | radius of inner sphere for shell             |
| bound | cube, sphere, shell                          |

## Value

volume, number

## Description

This is the bound for connectivity based on samples.

#### Usage

n\_bound\_connect\_2D(alpha, delta = 0.05, r = 1, rmin = 0.01, bound = "square")

## Arguments

| alpha | alpha parameter for alpha shape                                |
|-------|--|
| delta | probability of isolated point                                  |
| r     | length of square, radius of circle, or outer radius of annulus |
| rmin  | inner radius of annulus  |
| bound | manifold shape, options are "square", "circle", or "annulus"   |

#### Value

minimum number of points to meet probability threshold.

n\_bound\_connect\_3D N Bound Connect 3D

## Description

Function returns the minimum number of points to preserve the homology with an open cover of radius alpha.

#### Usage

```
n_bound_connect_3D(alpha, delta = 0.05, r = 1, rmin = 0.01, bound = "cube")
```

#### Arguments

| alpha | radius of open balls around points                                  |
|-------|---|
| delta | probability of isolated point                                       |
| r     | radius of sphere, outer radius of shell, or length of cube side     |
| rmin  | inner radius of shell   |
| bound | manifold from which points sampled. Options are sphere, shell, cube |

#### Value

integer of minimum number of points needed

#### Examples

```
# For a cube with probability 0.05 of isolated points
n_bound_connect_3D(0.2, 0.05,0.9)
# For a sphere with probability 0.01 of isolated points
n_bound_connect_3D(0.2, 0.01, 1, bound="sphere")
# For a shell with probability 0.1 isolated points.
n_bound_connect_3D(0.2, 0.1, 1, 0.25, bound="shell")
```

n\_bound\_homology\_2D n Bound Homology 2D

#### Description

#' Function returns the minimum number of points to preserve the homology with an open cover of radius alpha.

#### Usage

```
n_bound_homology_2D(area, epsilon, tau = 1, delta = 0.05)
```

#### Arguments

| area    | area of manifold from which points being sampled |
|---------|--|
| epsilon | size of balls of cover                           |
| tau     | number bound                                     |
| delta   | probability of not recovering homology           |

## Value

n, number of points needed

#### Description

Calculates number of points needed to be samped from manifold for open ball cover to have same homology as original manifold. See Niyogi et al 2008

#### Usage

```
n_bound_homology_3D(volume, epsilon, tau = 1, delta = 0.05)
```

#### Arguments

| volume  | volume of manifold from which points being sampled |
|---------|--|
| epsilon | size of balls of cover                             |
| tau     | number bound                                       |
| delta   | probability of not recovering homology             |

#### Value

n, number of points needed

#### Description

This is a function to read OFF files for triangular meshes into the form that is required to use other functions in the package.

#### Usage

```
readOFF(file_name)
```

#### Arguments

file\_name path and name of file to be read

#### Value

complex\_info list object containing two components, "Vertices" which holds the vertex coordinates and "cmplx" which holds the complex list object.

read\_alpha\_txt Read alpha text file

#### Description

Read alpha text file

#### Usage

read\_alpha\_txt(file\_name)

#### Arguments

file\_name name and path of file to be read. File is of format output by write\_alpha\_txt function

#### Value

alpha shape object

runif\_annulus Uniform Sampling from Annulus

## Description

Returns points uniformly sampled from annulus in plane

#### Usage

runif\_annulus(n, rmax = 1, rmin = 0.5)

#### Arguments

| n    | number of points to sample        |
|------|-----------------------------------|
| rmax | radius of outer circle of annulus |
| rmin | radius of inner circle of annulus |

#### Value

n by 2 matrix of points sampled

#### Examples

```
# Sample 100 points from annulus with rmax=1 and rmin=0.5
runif_annulus(100)
# Sample 100 points from annulus with rmax=0.75 and rmin=0.25
runif_annulus(100, 0.75, 0.25)
```

runif\_ball\_3D Uniform Ball 3D

#### Description

Returns points uniformly centered from closed ball of radius r in 3D space

## Usage

 $runif_ball_3D(n, r = 1)$ 

#### Arguments

| n | number of points            |
|---|-----------------------------|
| r | radius of ball, default r=1 |

## Value

n by 3 matrix of points

## Examples

```
# Sample 100 points from unit ball
runif_ball_3D(100)
# Sample 100 points from ball of radius 0.5
runif_ball_3D(100, r=0.5)
```

runif\_cube

r Uniform Cube

#### Description

Returns points uniformly sampled from cube or rectangular prism in space.

## Usage

```
runif_cube(n, xmin = 0, xmax = 1, ymin = 0, ymax = 1, zmin = 0, zmax = 1)
```

## Arguments

| n    | number of points to be sampled |
|------|--------------------------------|
| xmin | miniumum x coordinate          |
| xmax | maximum x coordinate           |
| ymin | minimum y coordinate           |
| ymax | maximum y coordinate           |
| zmin | minimum z coordinate           |
| zmax | maximum z coordinate           |

## Value

n by 3 matrix of points

#### Examples

```
# Sample 100 points from unit cube
runif_cube(100)
# Sample 100 points from unit cube centered on origin
runif_cube(100, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5)
```

runif\_disk Uniform sampling from disk

## Description

Returns points uniformly sampled from disk of radius r in plane

#### Usage

 $runif_disk(n, r = 1)$ 

#### Arguments

| n | number of points to sample |
|---|----------------------------|
| r | radius of disk             |

#### Value

points n by 2 matrix of points sampled

#### Examples

```
# Sample 100 points from unit disk
runif_disk(100)
# Sample 100 points from disk of radius 0.7
runif_disk(100, 0.7)
```

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runif\_shell\_3D Uniform Shell 3D

#### Description

Returns points uniformly sampled from spherical shell in 3D

#### Usage

```
runif_shell_3D(n, rmax = 1, rmin = 0.5)
```

#### Arguments

| n    | number of points       |
|------|------------------------|
| rmax | radius of outer sphere |
| rmin | radius of inner sphere |

#### Value

n by 3 matrix of points

#### Examples

```
# Sample 100 points with defaults rmax=1, rmin=0.5
runif_shell_3D(100)
# Sample 100 points with rmax=0.75, rmin=0.25
runif_shell_3D(100, 0.75, 0.25)
```

runif\_square Uniform Sampling from Square

## Description

Returns points uniformly sampled from square or rectangle in plane.

#### Usage

```
runif_square(n, xmin = 0, xmax = 1, ymin = 0, ymax = 1)
```

#### Arguments

| n    | number of points     |
|------|----------------------|
| xmin | minimum x coordinate |
| xmax | maximum x coordinate |
| ymin | minimum y coordinate |
| ymax | maximum y coordinate |

## Value

n by 2 matrix of points

#### Examples

```
# Sample 100 points from unit square
runif_square(100)
# Sample 100 points from unit square centered at origin
runif_square(100, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5)
```

sampling2Dashape Sampling 2D alpha shapes

## Description

This function takes parameter input from user and returns list of two dimensional alpha shape objects from the ahull package.

#### Usage

```
sampling2Dashape(
 Ν,
 n.dependent = TRUE,
 nconnect = TRUE,
 nhomology = FALSE,
 n.noise = FALSE,
 afixed = FALSE,
 mu = 0.24,
 sigma = 0.05,
 delta = 0.05,
 n = 20,
  alpha = 0.24,
  lambda = 3,
  r = 1,
 rmin = 0.25,
 bound = "square"
```

)

#### Arguments

| N           | number of alpha shapes to sample  |
|-------------|---|
| n.dependent | boolean, whether the number of points n are dependent on alpha  |
| nconnect    | boolean, whether user wants shapes to have one connected component with high probability                  |
| nhomology   | boolean, whether user wants shapes to preserve homology of underlying mani-<br>fold with high probability |

#### sampling3Dashape

| n.noise | boolean, whether to add noise variable to number of points n for more variety in shapes |
|---------|---|
| afixed  | boolean, whether alpha is fixed for all shapes sampled                                  |
| mu      | mean value of truncated normal from which alpha is sampled                              |
| sigma   | standard deviation of truncated normal distribution from which alpha is sampled         |
| delta   | probability of getting disconnected shape or not preserving homology                    |
| n       | minimum number of points to be sampled for each alpha shape                             |
| alpha   | chosen fixed alpha; only used if afixed = TRUE  |
| lambda  | parameter for adding noise to n; only used if n.noise=TRUE                              |
| r       | length of radius of circle, side length of square, or outer radius of annulus           |
| rmin    | inner radius of annulus   |
| bound   | compact manifold to be sampled from; either square, circle, or annulus                  |

## Value

list of alpha shapes of length N

sampling3Dashape Sample 3D alpha shapes

#### Description

This function takes parameter input from user and returns list of three dimensional alpha shape objects from the ahull package.

#### Usage

```
sampling3Dashape(
 Ν,
 n.dependent = TRUE,
 nconnect = TRUE,
 nhomology = FALSE,
 n.noise = FALSE,
  afixed = FALSE,
 mu = 0.24,
  sigma = 0.05,
 delta = 0.05,
 n = 20,
  alpha = 0.24,
  lambda = 3,
  r = 1,
 rmin = 0.25,
 bound = "cube"
)
```

## Arguments

| Ν           | number of alpha shapes to sample  |
|-------------|---|
| n.dependent | boolean, whether the number of points n are dependent on alpha  |
| nconnect    | boolean, whether user wants shapes to have one connected component with high probability                  |
| nhomology   | boolean, whether user wants shapes to preserve homology of underlying mani-<br>fold with high probability |
| n.noise     | boolean, whether to add noise variable to number of points n for more variety in shapes                   |
| afixed      | boolean, whether alpha is fixed for all shapes sampled  |
| mu          | mean value of truncated normal from which alpha is sampled  |
| sigma       | standard deviation of truncated normal distribution from which alpha is sampled                           |
| delta       | probability of getting disconnected shape or not preserving homology                                      |
| n           | minimum number of points to be sampled for each alpha shape   |
| alpha       | chosen fixed alpha; only used if afixed = TRUE  |
| lambda      | parameter for adding noise to n; only used if n.noise=TRUE  |
| r           | length of radius of circle, side length of square, or outer radius of annulus                             |
| rmin        | inner radius of annulus   |
| bound       | compact manifold to be sampled from; either cube, sphere, or shell  |

#### Value

list of alpha shapes of length N

sphere\_overlap\_cs sphere overlap when one is centered on circumference of the other

## Description

Sphere overlap cs is subfunction for repeated code in calc\_overlap\_3D Returns the area of two overlapping spheres where one is centered on the other's surface (cs = centered on surface)

## Usage

sphere\_overlap\_cs(alpha, r)

#### Arguments

| alpha | radius 1 |
|-------|----------|
| r     | radius 2 |

## Value

volume of intersection

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#### Description

Sphere overlap is (inner shell) calculates area needed to subtract when calculating volume of overlap of shell and sphere.

#### Usage

sphere\_overlap\_is(alpha, rmax, rmin)

## Arguments

| alpha | radius of sphere      |
|-------|-----------------------|
| rmax  | outer radius of shell |
| rmin  | inner radius of shell |

## Value

volume of intersection

```
spherical_cap Spherical cap
```

## Description

Calculates the volume of a sphere cap given radius r and height of cap h

#### Usage

spherical\_cap(r, h)

#### Arguments

| r | radius        |
|---|---------------|
| h | height of cap |

#### Value

v\_c volume of spherical cap

tau\_bound

#### Description

This function finds the bound of tau for one shape, which is the maximum length of the fiber bundle off of a shape for determining the density of points necessary to recover the homology from the open cover. See Niyogi et al 2008. Function checks length of edges and distances to circumcenters from each vertex before checking against the rest of the point cloud and finds the minimum length. We then keep the largest tau to account for the possibility of nonuniformity among points.

#### Usage

tau\_bound(v\_list, complex, extremes = NULL, cores = 1, sumstat = "mean")

#### Arguments

| v_list   | matrix or data frame of cartesian coordinates of vertices in in point cloud  |
|----------|--|
| complex  | list of each vertex, edge, face, and (in 3D) tetrahedron in a simplicial complex; same form as complex object in TDA package   |
| extremes | matrix or data frame of cartesian coordinates of vertices on the boundary of the data frame. If no list given, function will assume all points are extreme and check them all. Inclusion of this parameter speeds up the process both within this function and when calculating alpha because you will get a bigger (but still valid) tau bound. |
| cores    | number of cores for parallelizing. Default 1.  |
| sumstat  | string for summary statistic to be used to get final tau for shape. Default is 'mean'. Options are 'median', 'min', and 'max'.   |

#### Value

tau\_vec, vector real nonnegative number. Tau values for each point

| write_alpha_txt | Write Alpha Text file |  |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
|-----------------|-----------------------|--|

## Description

Write Alpha Text file

#### Usage

write\_alpha\_txt(ashape, file\_name)

## Arguments

| ashape    | alpha shape object, can be 2D or 3D alpha shape   |
|-----------|---|
| file_name | path and name of file to create and write text to |

## Value

does not return anything; writes file that can be read back to R via read\_alpha\_txt

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