

Package ‘UncDecomp’

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Title Uncertainty Decomposition

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Description If a procedure consists of several stages and there are several models that can be selected for each stage, uncertainty of the procedure can be decomposed by stages or models. This package includes the ANOVA-based method, the cumulative uncertainty-based method, and the balanced decomposition method. Yongdai Kim et al. (2019) <[doi:10.1016/j.hydroa.2019.100024](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.hydroa.2019.100024)> is a related paper which is accessible via the URL below.

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apply_sweep	<i>Slight modifications of apply() and sweep()</i>
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Description

Slightly modified version of apply() and sweep(). apply0() and sweep0() are modification of apply() and sweep() so that they can be used when the length(MARGIN) is zero. msweep() is a modification of sweep() so that it can be used when function receives multiple summary statistic.

Usage

apply0(X, MARGIN, FUN, ...)

sweep0(X, MARGIN, STATS, FUN, ...)

msweep(X, MARGIN, STATS, FUN, ...)

Arguments

X	an array.
MARGIN	apply0() : a vector giving the subscripts which the function will be applied over. sweep0(), msweep() : a vector of indices giving the extent(s) of x which correspond to STATS.
FUN	the function to be applied. For msweep(), a function that receives the elements of X and list in order
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.
STATS	the summary statistic array which is to be swept out. For msweep(), list of summary statistic array.

Value

If each call to FUN returns a vector of length n, then apply() returns an array of dimension c(n, dim(X)[MARGIN]) if n > 1. If n equals 1, apply() returns a scalar if MARGIN has length 0, a vector if MARGIN has length 1 and an array of dimension dim(X)[MARGIN] otherwise. sweep0() and msweep() return an array with the same shape as x, but with the summary statistics swept out.

Examples

```
set.seed(0)
A <- array(rnorm(24), dim = 4:2)
meanA0 <- apply0(A, numeric(0), mean)
meanA12 <- apply0(A, 1:2, mean)
sdA12 <- apply0(A, 1:2, sd)
ctrArray <- function(a,mu) return(a-mu)
sweep0(A, numeric(0), meanA0, ctrArray)
sweep0(A, 1:2, meanA12, ctrArray)
statsA12 <- list(meanA12, sdA12)
stdArray <- function(a,mu,sigma) return((a-mu)/sigma)
msweep(A, 1:2, statsA12, stdArray)
```

cum_uncertainty

Cumulative uncertainty(DEPRECATED)

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition based on the cumulative uncertainty.

Usage

```
cum_uncertainty(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data), var_name),
  U = var0)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing scenarios(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of scenarios.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages in the modeling chain. should be ordered by the order of the modeling chain
U	a function that returns uncertainty such as range and variance of a given numeric vector. This package have built-in uncertainty functions var0() and drange(). Default is var0().

Value

summary of uncertainties

Examples

```
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                   stage2=stage2,
                   stage3=stage3)
data <- cbind(data, y)
# cum_uncertainty() is deprecated. Use UD_cum_stage()
# cum_uncertainty(data,"y", names(data)[-4])
# cum_uncertainty(data,"y", names(data)[-4],drange)
```

drange

Range(DEPRECATED)

Description

This function returns the difference of maximum and minimum of a given vector.

Usage

```
drange(x)
```

Arguments

x a numeric vector.

Value

the difference of maximum and minimum of a given vector

Examples

```
(x <- rnorm(5))
# drange() is deprecated. Use U_range()
# drange(x)
```

`plotUDlist`*Plot UD_list*

Description

This function plots how ppud's result changes as lambda increases.

Arguments

`x` output of ppud(UD_list class)
`lwd` line width in plot
... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Value

ggplot showing how the result of ppud changes as lambda increases

Examples

```
set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                  stage2=stage2,
                  stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)
data <- cbind(data, y)

UD_bal_model_range <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_range, flist_range)
UD_bal_model_range

UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_bal_stage_range

UD_model_list = ppud(UD_bal_model_range)
plot(UD_model_list)

UD_stage_list = ppud(UD_bal_stage_range)
plot(UD_stage_list)
```

printUD

Print UD

Description

This function creates a table summarizing the uncertainty.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'UD_model'  
print(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'UD_stage'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x model wise uncertainty(UD_model class) or stage wise uncertainty(UD_stage class)

... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Examples

```
set.seed(0)  
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]  
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]  
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]  
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)  
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,  
                  stage2=stage2,  
                  stage3=stage3)  
stages <- names(data)  
data <- cbind(data, y)  
  
UD_bal_model_range <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_range, flist_range)  
print(UD_bal_model_range)  
  
UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)  
print(UD_bal_stage_range)
```

scenario_uncertainty *Scenario uncertainty(DEPRECATED)*

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition by scenario based on the second order interaction ANOVA model. The uncertainty from interaction effect from two scenarios is divided equally and assigned to each scenario.

Usage

```
scenario_uncertainty(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data),
  var_name))
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing scenarios(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of scenarios.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages of interest.

Value

List of 4 elements

summary	summary of uncertainties
main_uncer	list of which element is a vector of uncertainties from the main effects of scenarios in the corresponding stage
int_uncer	list of which element is a vector of uncertainties from the interaction effects of scenarios in the corresponding stage
scenario_uncer	list of which element is a vector of uncertainties of scenarios in the corresponding stage

Examples

```
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
  stage2=stage2,
  stage3=stage3)
data <- cbind(data, y)
# scenario_uncertainty() is deprecated. Use UD_ANOVA_model()
# scenario_uncertainty(data,"y", names(data)[-4])
```

stage_uncertainty	<i>Stage uncertainty(DEPRECATED)</i>
-------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition by stage based on the second order interaction ANOVA model. The uncertainty from interaction effect from two stages is divided equally and assigned to each stage.

Usage

```
stage_uncertainty(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data),
  var_name))
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing scenarios(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of scenarios. columns scenarios
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages in the model.

Value

List of 4 elements

summary	summary of uncertainties
main_uncer	a vector of uncertainties from the main effects of the stages
int_uncer	a vector of uncertainties from the interaction effects of the stages
scenario_uncer	a vector of uncertainties of the stages

Examples

```
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
  stage2=stage2,
  stage3=stage3)
data <- cbind(data, y)
# stage_uncertainty() is deprecated. Use UD_ANOVA_stage()
# stage_uncertainty(data,"y", names(data)[-4])
```



```
UD_table(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_table(UD_bal_stage_range)
```

UD_ANOVA_model1	<i>Model-wise uncertainty based on the second order interaction ANOVA</i>
-----------------	---

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition by model based on the second order interaction ANOVA model. The uncertainty from interaction effect from two models is divided equally and assigned to each model.

Usage

```
UD_ANOVA_model(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data), var_name))
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages of interest.

Value

List(UD_model class) including uncertainties of models, uncertainties from main effects, uncertainties from interaction, total uncertainty, names of stages and models

Examples

```
set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                  stage2=stage2,
                  stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)
data <- cbind(data, y)

UD_ANOVA_model1 <- UD_ANOVA_model(data, "y", stages)
UD_ANOVA_model1
UD_ANOVA_stage <- UD_model2stage(UD_ANOVA_model1)
UD_ANOVA_stage
```

UD_ANOVA_stage	<i>Stage-wise uncertainty based on the second order interaction ANOVA</i>
----------------	---

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition by stage based on the second order interaction ANOVA model. The uncertainty from interaction effect from two stages is divided equally and assigned to each stage.

Usage

```
UD_ANOVA_stage(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data), var_name))
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages in the model.

Value

List(UD_stage class) including uncertainties of stages, uncertainties from main effects, uncertainties from interaction, total uncertainty, names of stages.

Examples

```
set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                  stage2=stage2,
                  stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)
data <- cbind(data, y)
UD_ANOVA_stage(data, "y", stages)
```

UD_bal_model	<i>Model-wise balanced uncertainty</i>
--------------	--

Description

This function performs the balanced uncertainty decomposition. In balanced uncertainty decomposition, we assume that the total uncertainty decomposes into the uncertainty of all main effects and all orders of interaction between models. This method distributes the uncertainties of each element evenly among the associated models.

Usage

```
UD_bal_model(data, var_name, stages, u = u_var, flist = flist_var)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages of interest.
u	a function that returns uncertainty of each element of the vector like difference or square of difference between each element and summary statistics. This package have built-in uncertainty functions <code>u_var()</code> , <code>u_mad()</code> and <code>u_range()</code> . Default is <code>u_var()</code> .
flist	list of functions that summarize vector like mean or median. This package have built-in uncertainty functions <code>flist_var()</code> , <code>flist_mad()</code> and <code>flist_range()</code> . Default is <code>flist_var()</code> .

Value

model-wise uncertainties(UD_model class)

Examples

```
set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                  stage2=stage2,
                  stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)
data <- cbind(data, y)

UD_bal_model_var <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_var, flist_var)
UD_bal_model_var
```

```

UD_bal_model_mad <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_mad, flist_mad)
UD_bal_model_mad
UD_bal_model_range <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_range, flist_range)
UD_bal_model_range

UD_bal_stage_var <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_var)
UD_bal_stage_var
UD_bal_stage_mad <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_mad)
UD_bal_stage_mad
UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_bal_stage_range

UD_list = ppud(UD_bal_model_range)
plot(UD_list)

lambda = min_lambda_calc(UD_bal_model_range, 0.01)
UD_1percent = ppud(UD_bal_model_range, lambda)
UD_1percent$UD[[1]]

```

UD_bal_stage	<i>Stage-wise balanced uncertainty</i>
--------------	--

Description

This function performs the balanced uncertainty decomposition. In balanced uncertainty decomposition, we assume that the total uncertainty decomposes into the uncertainty of all main effects and all orders of interaction between stages. This method distributes the uncertainties of each element evenly among the associated stages.

Usage

```
UD_bal_stage(data, var_name, stages, U = U_var)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages of interest.
U	a function that returns uncertainty such as range and variance of a given numeric vector. This package have built-in uncertainty functions U_var(), U_mad() and U_range(). Default is U_var().

Value

stage-wise uncertainties(UD_stage class)

Examples

```

set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                   stage2=stage2,
                   stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)
data <- cbind(data, y)
UD_bal_stage(data, "y", stages, U_var)
UD_bal_stage(data, "y", stages, U_mad)
UD_bal_stage(data, "y", stages, U_range)

```

UD_cum_stage

Stage-wise uncertainty based on cumulative uncertainty

Description

This function performs uncertainty decomposition based on the cumulative uncertainty.

Usage

```

UD_cum_stage(data, var_name, stages = setdiff(names(data), var_name),
            U = U_var)

```

Arguments

data	a data frame containing models(factor or character) for each stages and the variable of interest(numeric). data should contain all combinations of models.
var_name	the name of the variable of interest
stages	names of the stages in the modeling chain. should be ordered by the order of the modeling chain
U	a function that returns uncertainty such as range and variance of a given numeric vector. This package have built-in uncertainty functions U_var(), U_mad() and U_range(). Default is U_var().

Value

stage-wise uncertainties(UD_stage class)

Examples

```

set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                   stage2=stage2,
                   stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)
data <- cbind(data, y)

UD_cum_stage(data, "y", stages, U_var)
UD_cum_stage(data, "y", stages, U_mad)
UD_cum_stage(data, "y", stages, U_range)

```

UD_model2stage

Convert model uncertainty to stage uncertainty

Description

This function converts model uncertainty to stage uncertainty by summing by stage.

Usage

```
UD_model2stage(UD)
```

Arguments

UD model wise uncertainty(UD_model class), output of function that returns model wise uncertainty such as UD_bal_model and UD_ANOVA_model

Value

stage wise uncertainties(UD_stage class)

Examples

```

set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                   stage2=stage2,
                   stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)
data <- cbind(data, y)

```

```

UD_bal_model_var <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_var, flist_var)
UD_bal_model_var
UD_bal_model_mad <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_mad, flist_mad)
UD_bal_model_mad
UD_bal_model_range <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_range, flist_range)
UD_bal_model_range

UD_bal_stage_var <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_var)
UD_bal_stage_var
UD_bal_stage_mad <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_mad)
UD_bal_stage_mad
UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_bal_stage_range

```

unc_measures

uncertainty measures

Description

Functions beginning with U are uncertainty measure that return a scalar given a vector, such as mean absolute deviation or variance. Functions beginning with flist are lists of functions that summarize vector like mean or median. Functions beginning with u are the uncertainty of each element of the vector, which is calculated from the elements of the vector and summary statistics of the vector, like difference or square of difference between two values.

Usage

```

U_range(x)

u_range(x, a, b, n)

flist_range

U_mad(x)

u_mad(x, m)

flist_mad

U_var(x)

u_var(x, m)

flist_var

```

Arguments

x a vector.

a, b, n	summary statistics for <code>u_range()</code> , a and b are minimum and maximum of x. n is length of x
m	summary statistics. median for <code>u_mad()</code> and mean for <code>u_var()</code>

Format

An object of class `list` of length 3.

<code>unc_postprocess</code>	<i>Postprocess UD</i>
------------------------------	-----------------------

Description

`ppud()` adjusts uncertainty so that it is not less than a certain value. In particular, it is often used for `UD_bal_model`, where the uncertainty may be negative. `min_lambda_calc()` finds lambda such that the proportion of the minimum uncertainty is the specified value.

Usage

```
ppud(UD, lambda_list)

min_lambda_calc(UD, prop)
```

Arguments

<code>UD</code>	model-wise uncertainty or stage-wise uncertainty
<code>lambda_list</code>	a numeric vector that adjust the degree to which uncertainties and average uncertainty are close.
<code>prop</code>	target proportion of least uncertainty

Examples

```
set.seed(0)
stage1 <- LETTERS[1:3]
stage2 <- LETTERS[1:2]
stage3 <- LETTERS[1:4]
y <- rnorm(3*2*4)
data <- expand.grid(stage1=stage1,
                  stage2=stage2,
                  stage3=stage3)
stages <- names(data)
data <- cbind(data, y)

UD_bal_model_var <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_var, flist_var)
UD_bal_model_var
UD_bal_model_mad <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_mad, flist_mad)
UD_bal_model_mad
UD_bal_model_range <- UD_bal_model(data, "y", stages, u_range, flist_range)
```

```
UD_bal_model_range

UD_bal_stage_var <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_var)
UD_bal_stage_var
UD_bal_stage_mad <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_mad)
UD_bal_stage_mad
UD_bal_stage_range <- UD_model2stage(UD_bal_model_range)
UD_bal_stage_range

UD_list = ppud(UD_bal_model_range)
plot(UD_list)

lambda = min_lambda_calc(UD_bal_model_range, 0.01)
UD_1percent = ppud(UD_bal_model_range, lambda)
UD_1percent$UD[[1]]
```

var0

Variance(DEPRECATED)

Description

This function returns the population variance of a given vector.

Usage

```
var0(x)
```

Arguments

x a numeric vector.

Value

the population variance of a given vector

Examples

```
(x <- rnorm(5))
# var0() is deprecated. Use U_var()
# var0(x)
```

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